

High Energy Ball-Milling and Synthesis Temperature Study to Improve Superconducting Properties of MgB₂ *ex-situ* Tapes and Wires

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Abstract—MgB₂ monofilamentary nickel-sheated tapes and wires were fabricated by means of the *ex-situ* powder-in-tube method using either high-energy ball milled and low temperature synthesized powders. All samples were sintered at 920°C in Ar flow. The milling time and the revolution speed were tuned in order to maximize the critical current density (J_c) in field: the maximum J_c value of 6×10^4 A/cm² at 5K and 4T was obtained corresponding to the tape prepared with powders milled for 144h at 180rpm. Various synthesis temperature were also investigated (730-900°C) finding a best J_c value for the wire prepared with powders synthesized at 745°C. We speculate that this optimal temperature is due to the fluidifying effect of unreacted magnesium content before the sintering process which could better connect the grains.

Index Terms — critical current, magnesium diboride, *ex-situ*, high energy ball-milling, synthesis temperature

Manuscript received 19 August 2008.

This work was supported in part by the Columbus Superconductors S.p.A and by MIUR under the project FIRB-MAST (RBIP06M4NJ). We thank also the Compagnia di S. Paolo for the financial support.

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