

Design, construction, and commissioning of a deployable liquid hydrogen production and fueling system for unmanned aerial systems



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H
H Y drogen
P roperties for
E nergy
R esearch Lab

SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY 

U.S. Army grant supports development of hydrogen-powered Unmanned Aerial Vehicle

🕒 July 18, 2019

By Siddharth Vodnala
Voiland College of Engineering and Architecture

Jacob Leachman, associate professor in Washington State University's School of Mechanical and Materials Engineering, has received a \$1.8 million grant from the U.S. Army to demonstrate a liquid hydrogen-powered UAV and refueling system.

The \$7.2 million total grant includes researchers from Mississippi State University, Insitu Inc., and Navmar Applied Sciences Corporation. Insitu, a subsidiary of Boeing, will provide their ScanEagle³® UAV, equipped with a fuel cell-powered electric engine. MSU will measure performance characteristics of the drone.

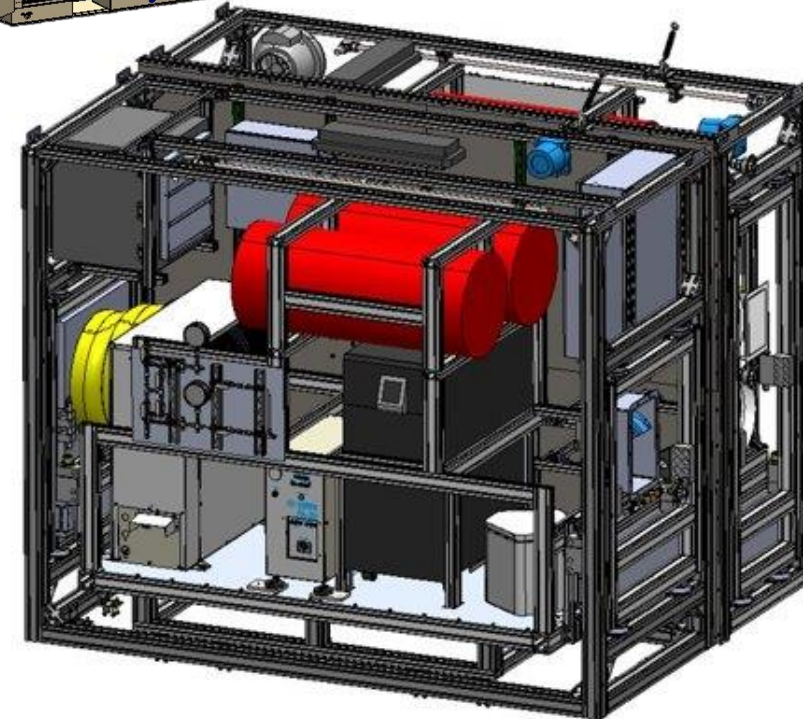
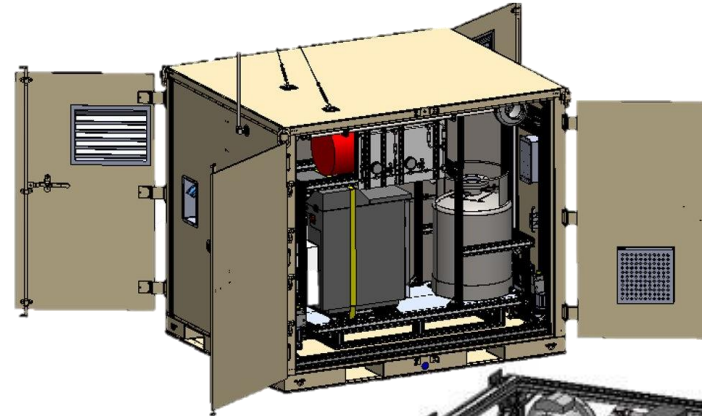
Let's Share



 Insitu employees Clay Christian and Jon Cantella holding the ScanEagle UAV.

Liquid Hydrogen Fueling Infrastructure

- Lack of small-scale LH2 infrastructure
 - Smallest industrial gas liquefiers are 1 tonne/day, doesn't include H2 generation or storage.
- Small LH2 vehicles need a fueling solution
 - LH2 deliveries geographically limited and typically require orders of 1 tonne.
- WSU developed a containerized fueling station that generates, liquefies, and stores LH2

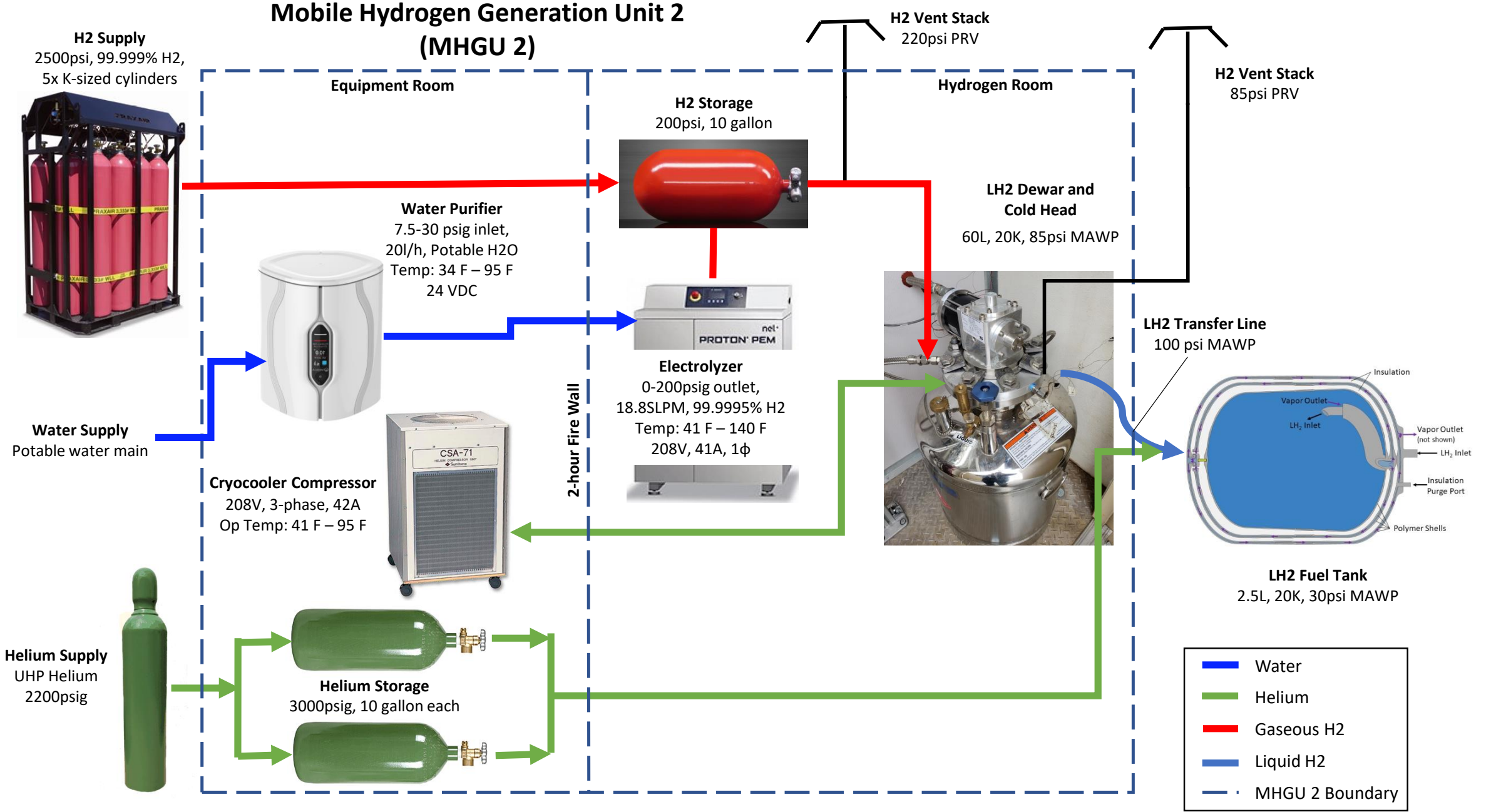


MHGU Specifications

- Refuel a small LH2 fuel tank in the field
- Liquefy 1-2 liter of hydrogen per hour
- Store approximately 50L of LH2
- Power requirements:
 - 208 V or less
 - 200 A or less
 - Single or three phase power
- Consumables:
 - Tap water
 - Gaseous helium
- Refill LH2 fuel tank in 20 minutes or less
- Standard military C130 container – minimal footprint
- Operate with minimal human interaction
- Comply with NFPA codes and industry best practices for hydrogen



Mobile Hydrogen Generation Unit (MHGU 2)



MHGU 2 Safety Features

Unclassified - Equipment Room



Inlet Fan
1440 CFM



Water Purifier



H2 Detector
HY-ALERTA 1600



Flame Detector
Honeywell FSL100
UV/IR

**Cryocooler
Compressor**



Helium Storage



Sealed, 2-hour Fire Wall



H2 Storage



Electrolyzer



**LH2 Dewar and
Cold Head**

H2 Vent Stack
10ft off room

Class I Division II Group B - Hydrogen Room



Exhaust Fan
ISFX160 Hazardous
Fan ~260 CFM



H2 Detector
HY-ALERTA 2620



Flame Detector
Honeywell FSL100
UV/IR

Safety Features

- Negative Pressure
- Ducted Electrolyzer Inlet/Outlet
- C1D2 Equipment and Wiring

Safety Features

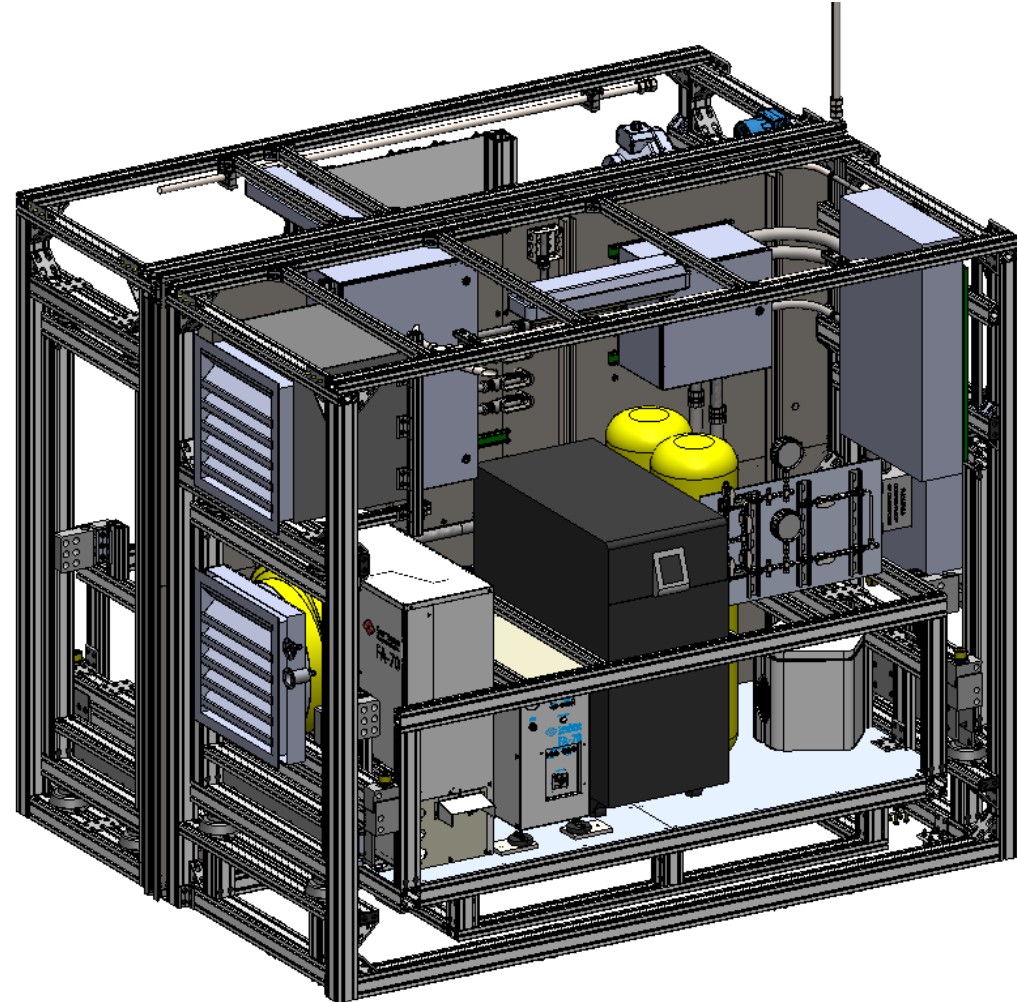
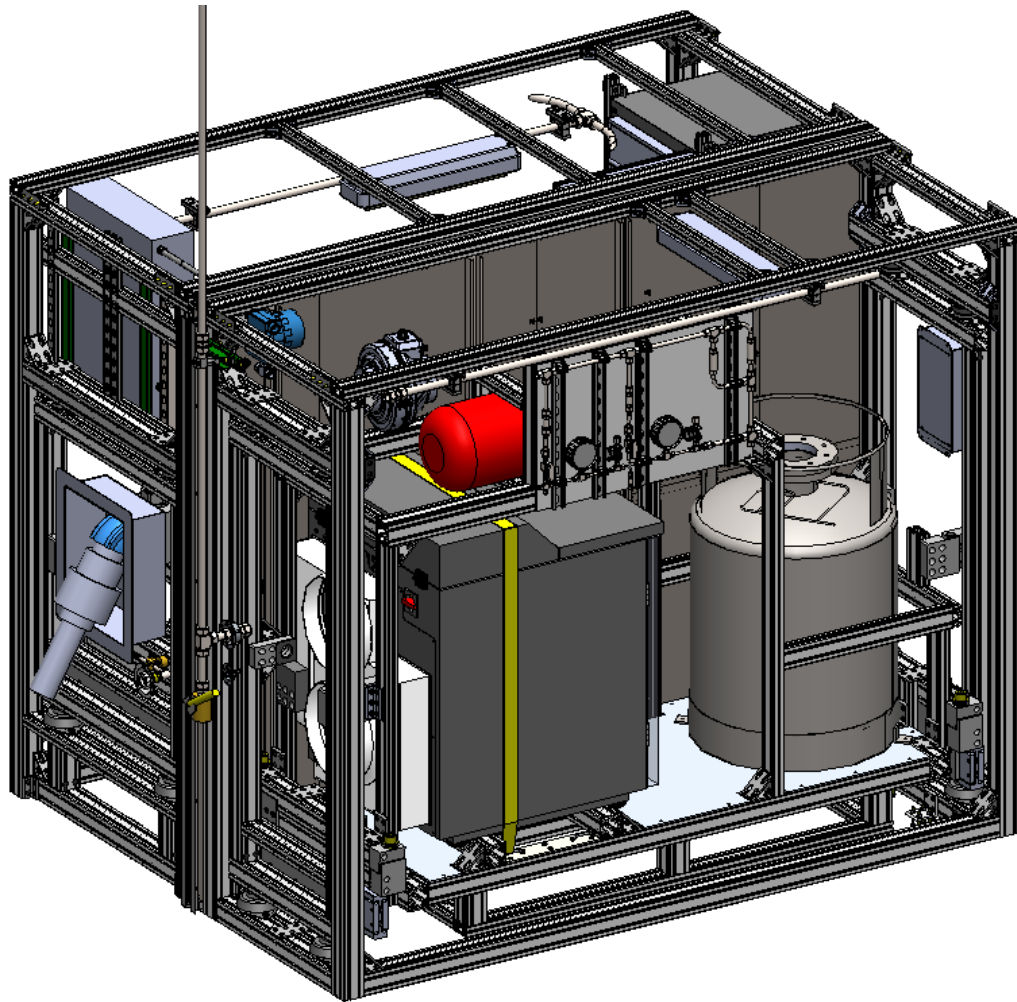
- Positive Pressure
- Sealed 2hr. Fire Wall

Shutdown Table and Controls

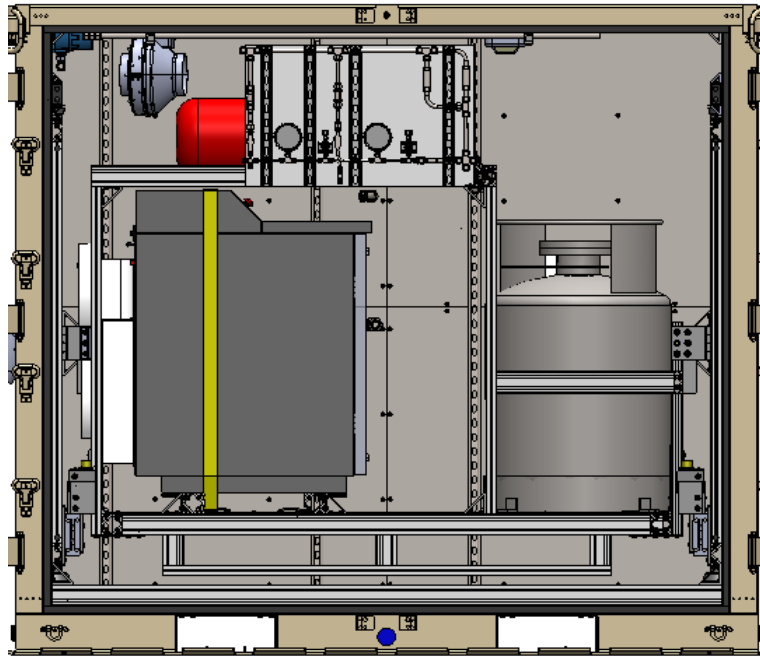
Type of Consequence	Trigger	Outcome	Control System	Cleared By
Process Stop 1	-H2 above 1% -Loss of ventillation	-Electrolyzer OFF -Isolate H2 -Alarm strobe ON	PLC	Process Stop Reset Button
Process Stop 2	-H2 above 2%	-Electrolyzer OFF -Cryocooler OFF -Vent H2 out stack -Alarm horn and strobe ON	PLC	Process Stop Reset Button
E-Stop	-Fire -Dewar pressure < 3psig -E-stop button	-Electrolyzer OFF -Cryocooler OFF -Vent H2 out stack -Alarm horn and strobe ON	Safety Controller	E-Stop Reset Button



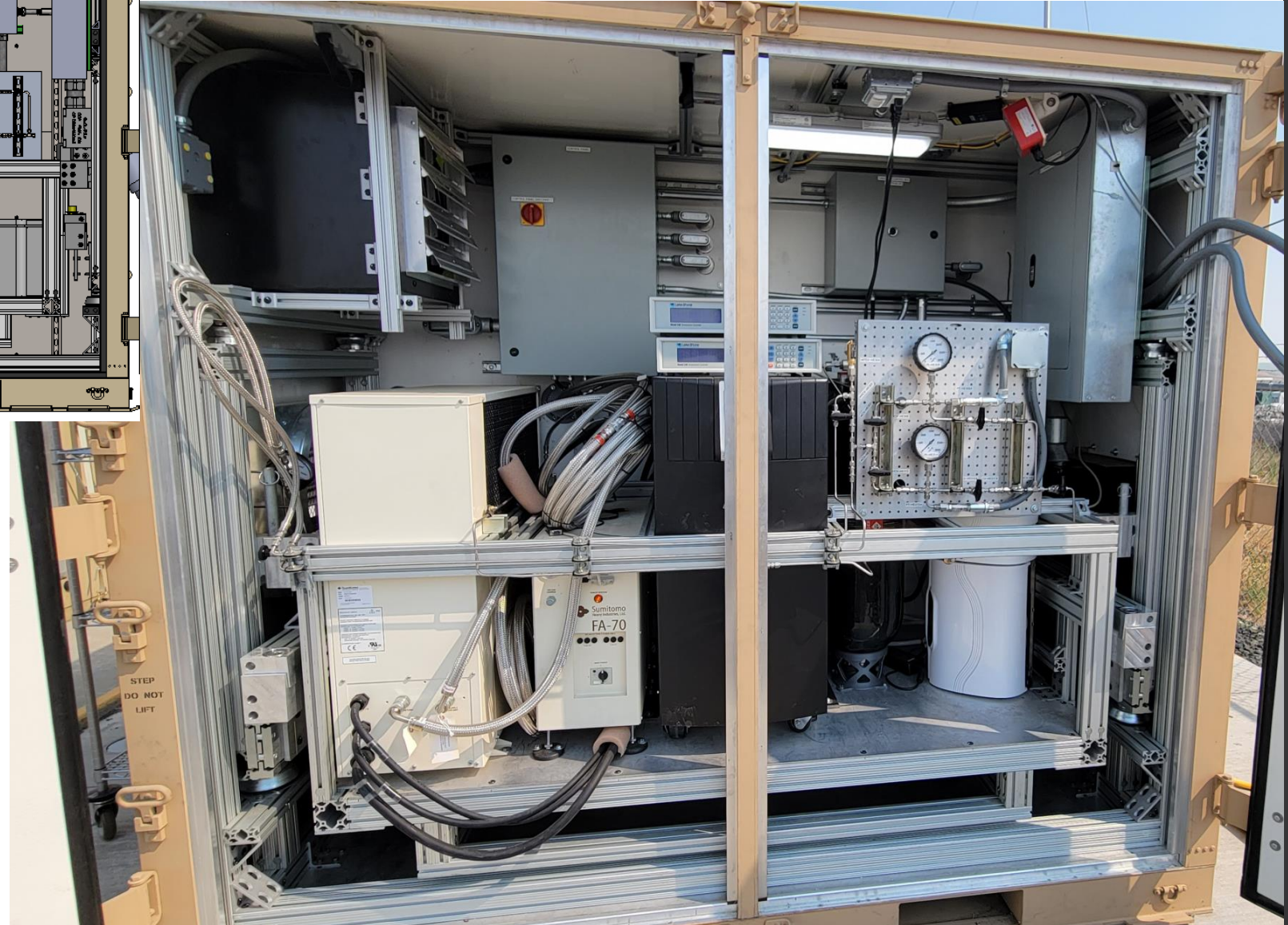
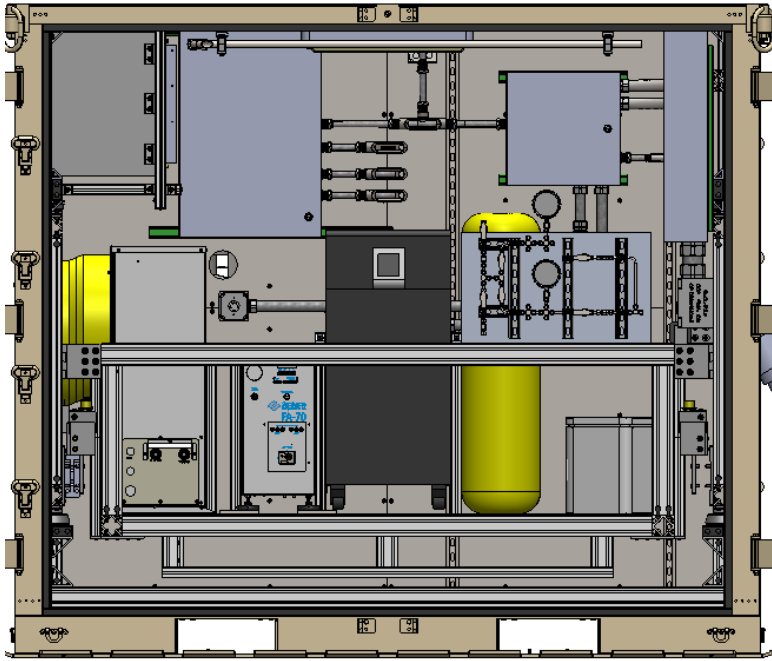
MHGU2 Overview



Hydrogen Room



Equipment Room



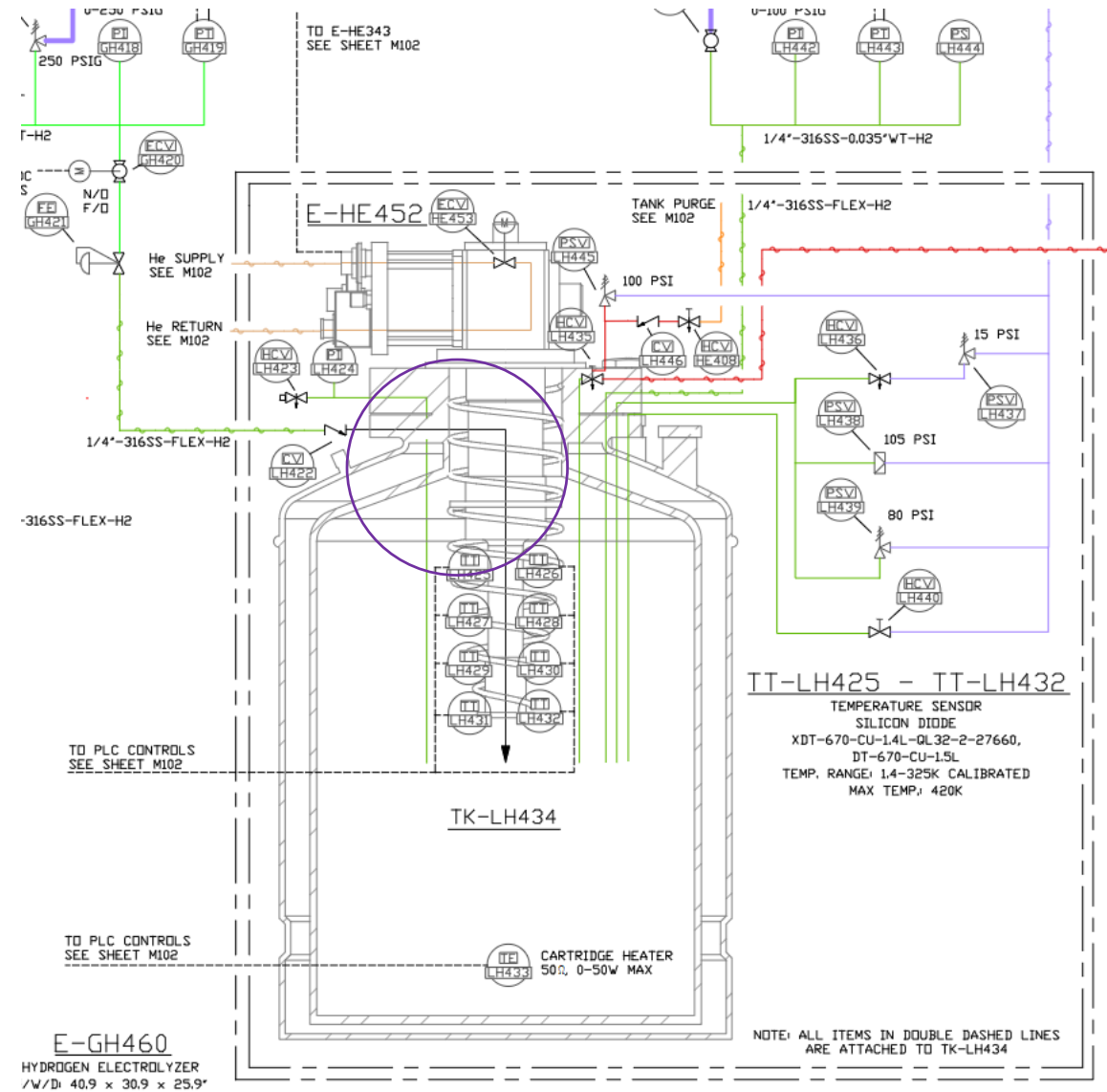
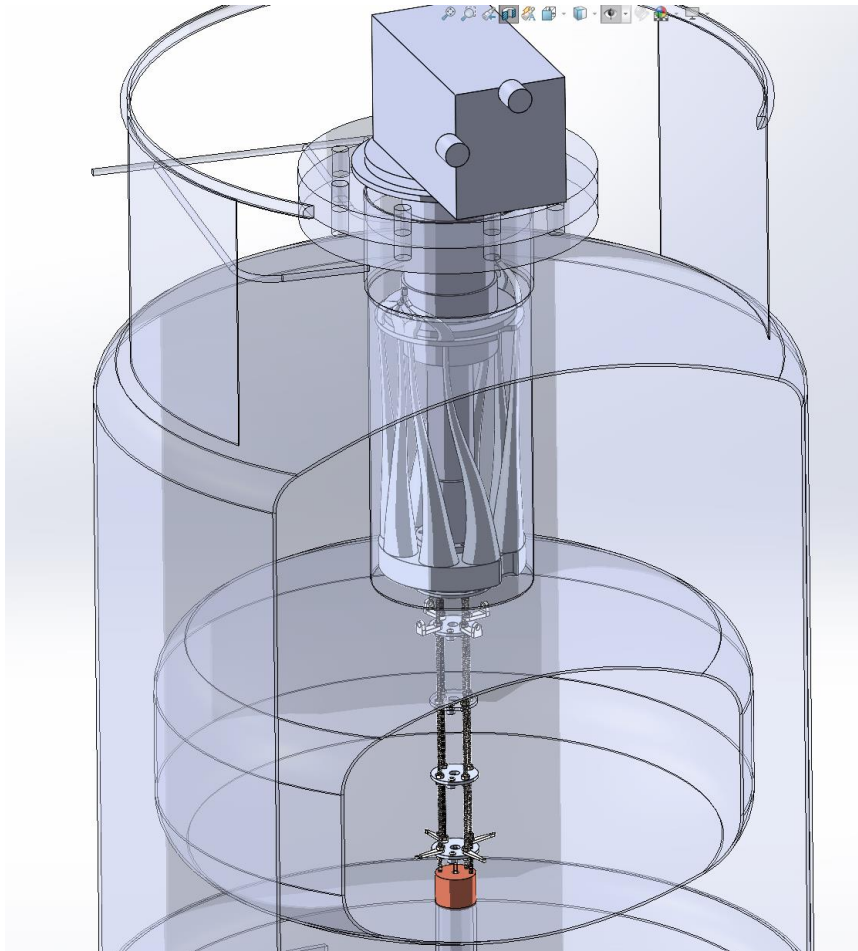
Liquefier

- Major Components
 - 60 L Dewar
 - Cryocooler Coldhead
 - Thermocouple Rake
 - AlSi₁₀Mg Additively Manufactured Heat Exchanger
 - Heater Block
 - Superconducting Liquid Level Gauges with Heaters



Liquefier

- Safety Features
 - Dual PSV – 80 psig & 105 psig
 - Active temperature controls



Liquid Hydrogen Transfers

- Vacuum-jacketed transfer line
- Quick connect coupler
- Helium shroud
- 50+ LH2 transfers conducted



User Interface

- Touch screen display
 - Monitoring and control
- Push button operation
- Remote access



External Interfaces



Vent Stack

Electrolyzer
Ducts

Water

Drain

Power

Helium Ports



Outdoor Liquid Hydrogen Test Facility

Hydrogen Storage Requirements

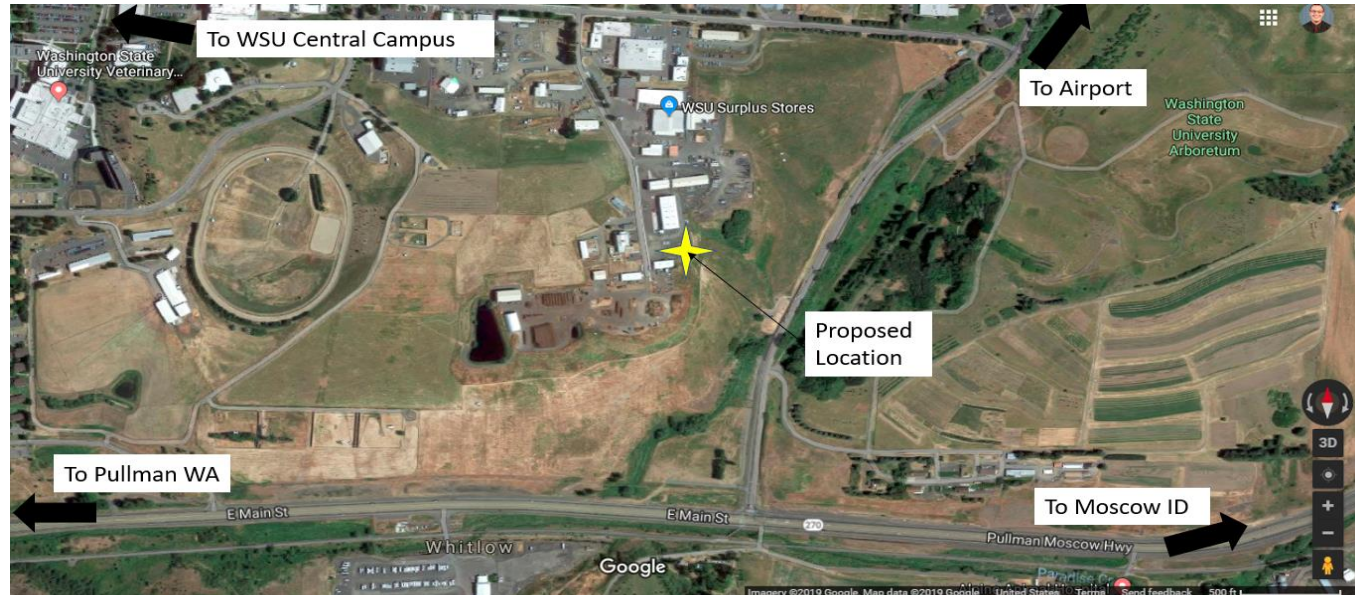
- ☐ LH2: up to 150 L
- ☐ gH2: up to 68 std. m³
(2400 std. ft³)

Power Requirements

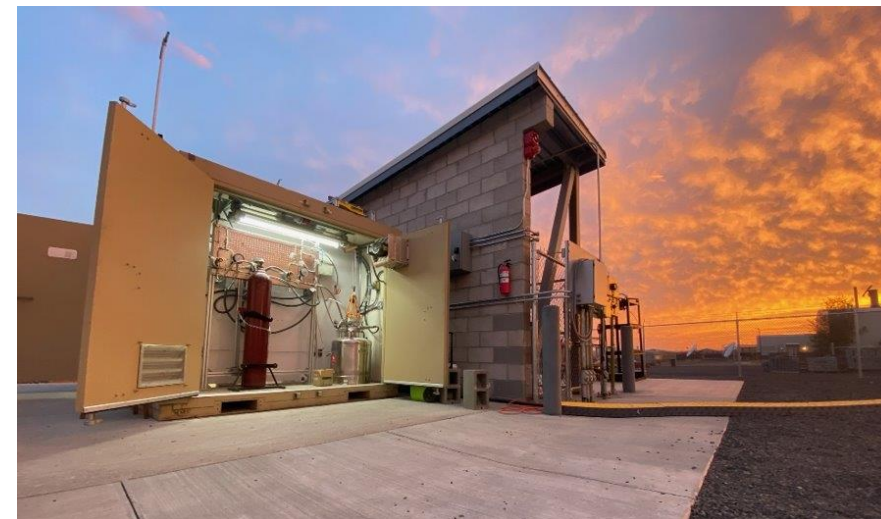
- 200 A, 208V, 3-Phase

Site Requirements

- Water
- Lighting
- Video Monitoring
- Fire/EMS access
- Near Fire Hydrant



Liquid Hydrogen Test Facility



Summary

- Developed a transportable LH2 fueling station
- Developed an outdoor LH2 test facility
- Field testing later this summer





Thank you!

<http://www.hydrogen.wsu.edu>

