

DI-BSCCO® TypeHT-NX The strongest and practical Bi2223 wire

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Outline

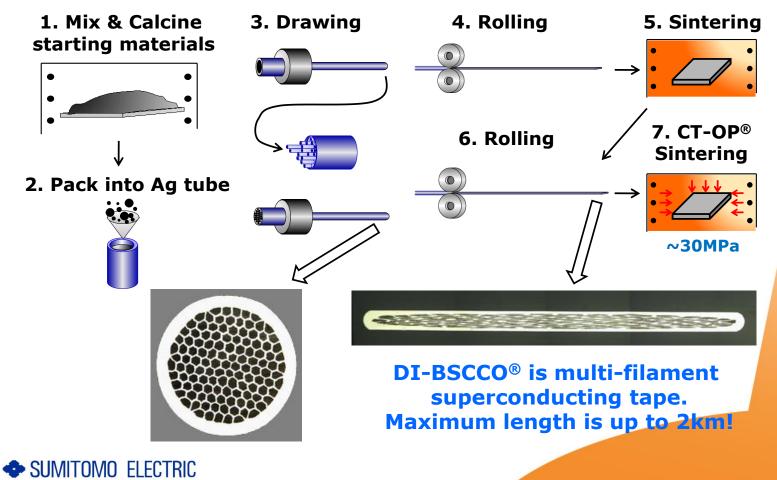
- 1. Introduction of lineup of DI-BSCCO
- 2. Background to develop stronger Type HT
- 3. Transport and mechanical properties
- 4. Discussion on practicability
- 5. Summary





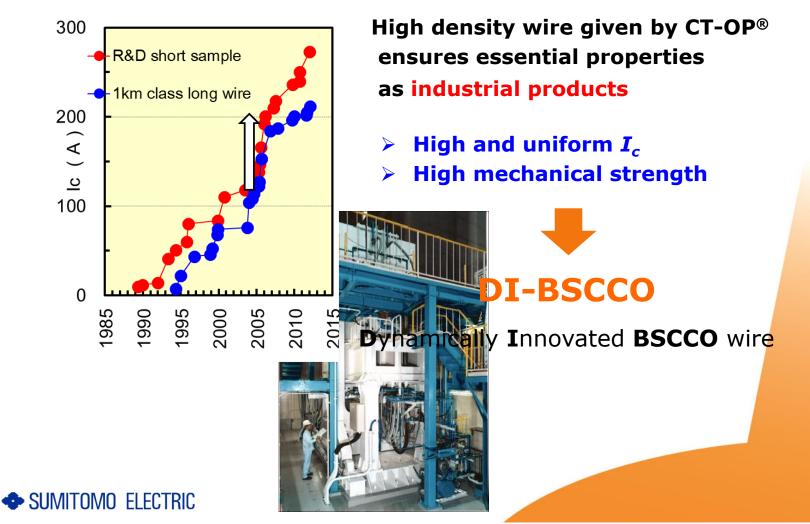
Fabrication process of DI-BSCCO wire

Based on well-known PIT (Powder in Tube) method.





CT-OP(Controlled Over Pressure) technique





Lineup of **DI-B5CCO**

Specifications of long-seller commercial products

	Type H High Current Density	Type HT-SS (Stainless Steel) Tough wire	Type HT-CA (Copper Alloy) Tough wire	Type G Ag-Au sheath
Width	4.3 ±0.2 mm	4.5±0.1 mm	4.5±0.1 mm	4.3 ±0.2 mm
Thickness	0.23 ±0.01 mm	0.29±0.02 mm	0.34±0.02 mm	0.23 ±0.01 mm
I_c (77K,Self Field)	180 A ~ 200 A	180 ~ 200 A	180 ~ 200 A	180 A ~ 200 A
Je (77K, Self Field)	180 ~ 200 A/mm²	140 ~ 150 A/mm ²	120 ~ 130 A/mm ²	180 ~ 200 A/mm²
Critical Tensile Stress(77K)	130 MPa	270 MPa	250 MPa	130 MPa
	llead for			llead for

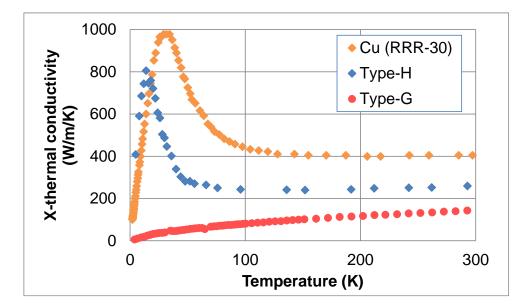
Used for various fields

Used for current lead for SC magnet





Low thermal conductivity of TypeG wire



Type G wire has very low thermal conductivity keeping large current density as DI-BSCCO.

So, TypeG is widely used for **current lead of SC magnet**. ITER project, MRI and so on.



Lineup of **DI-B5CCD**

Specifications of long-seller commercial products

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Critical Tensile Stress(77K)	130 MPa	270 MPa	250 MPa	130 MPa		
Used for Used for coil power line cable and coil						
Insulated Type H						
SUMITOMO ELECTR	<u>HALINATA</u>	ARAMANDA ANDA	anten ant			



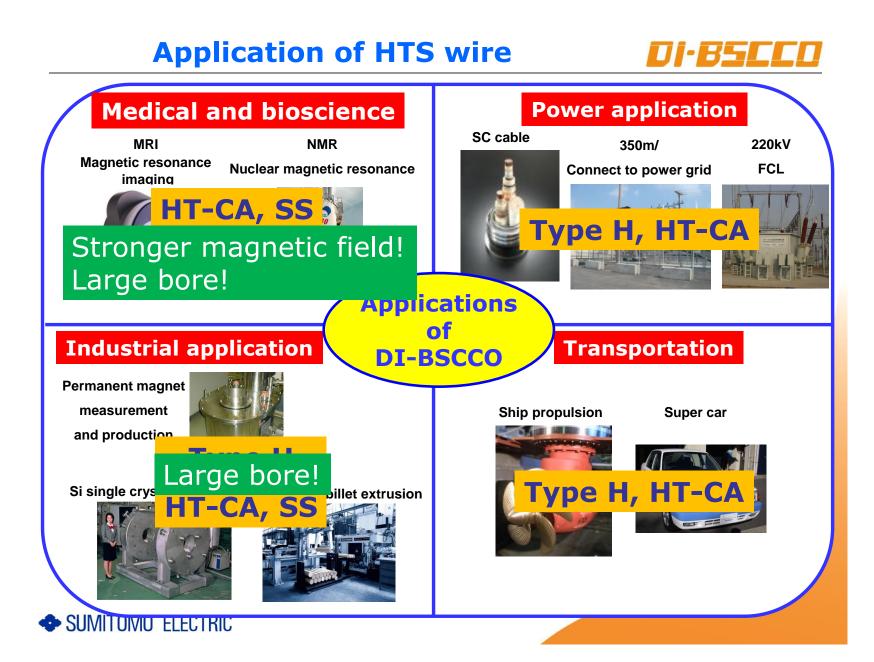
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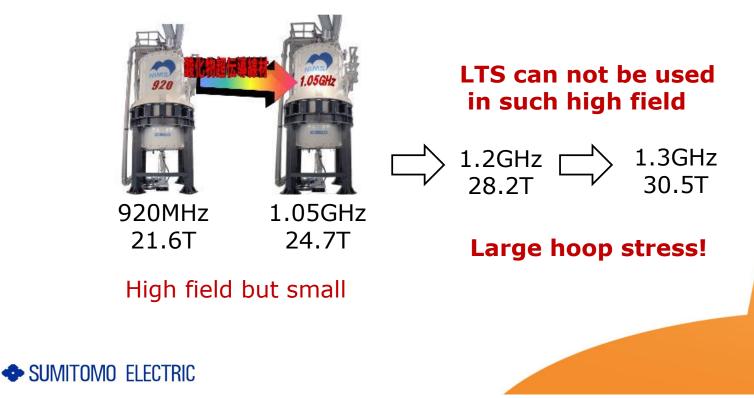




Example of high field application

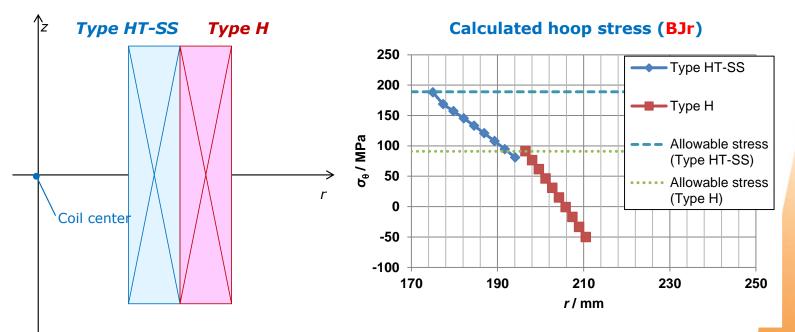
- Very high field magnet for research 30 50T
- High resolution NMR

Resolution of NMR depends on its field strength.





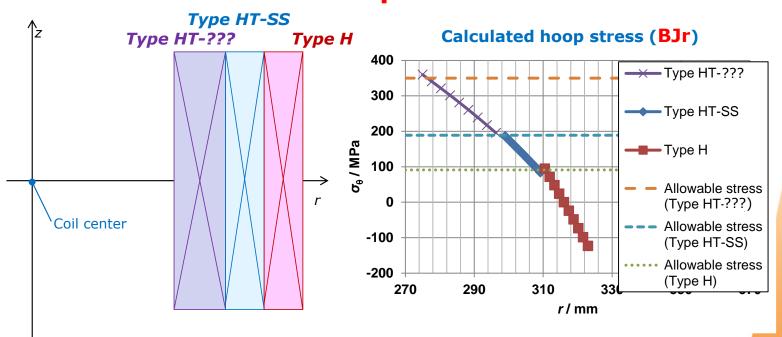
A design of large bore magnet 5T φ300



In case of ID 300 coil, hoops stress will be about 200MPa. So we can't design it only with Type H wire. We can achieve it by use of Type HT-SS (or -CA) wire.



A design of larger bore magnet 5T φ500



In case of ID 500 coil, hoops stress will exceed 300MPa. So we can't design it even with Type HT-SS wire. To get such larger bore, we need much stronger wire.



Demand for stronger Type HT

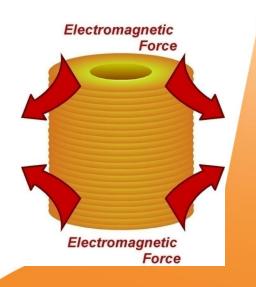
In the field of application where HTS is needed, stronger magnetic field and/or large bore is required. For example, over 30T magnet, smaller 1.3Hz NMR, large bore magnet and so on.

If HTS wire will used in such applications, wires will exposed to large hoop stress. In such situations, Type HT-SS(CA) wire is no longer strong wire.

So we are developing stronger Type HT wire whose name is Type HT-NX.

Goal of Type HT-NX :

Critical tensile strength 400 MPa

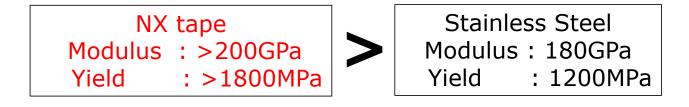






Selection of reinforcement material

Demand for reinforcement material. ✓ high Modulus ✓ high Yield



We have investigated adequate thickness from the view point of strength and high J_e .

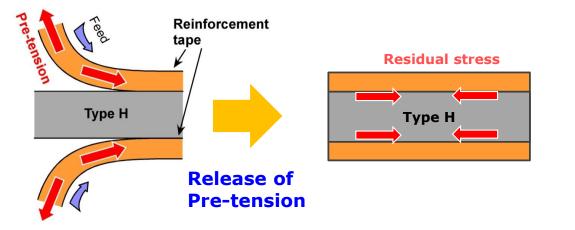
Finally we have selected **30um** of NX tape.





Lamination techniques

Adoption of pre-tension technique.



During lamination: Large tensile stress is applied to NX tape. - Pre-tension

After lamination : 3 plied wire is released from applied tensile stress.

In the end : Compressive strain is applied to Type H wire. Type H wire in center has advantage against tensile strain. (minus offset)





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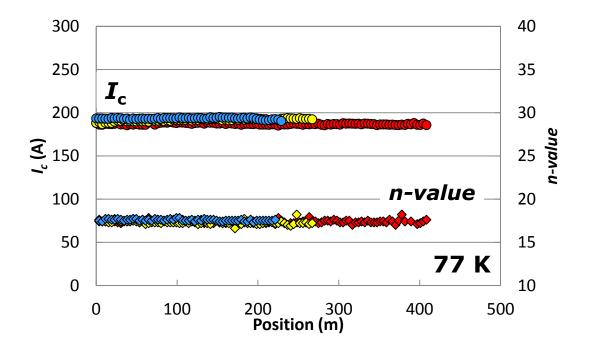
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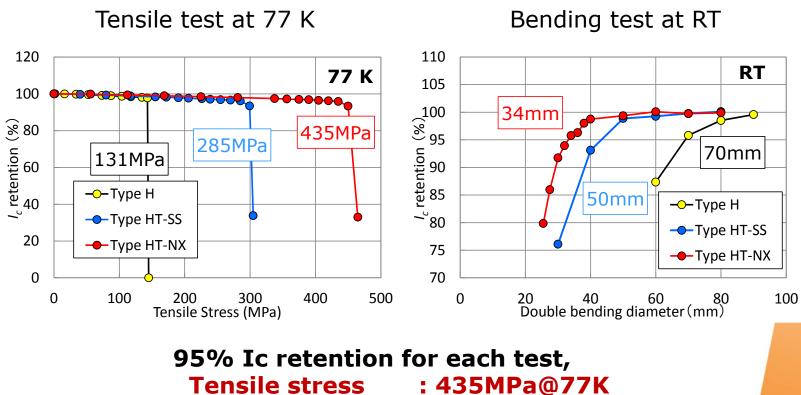
I_{c} distribution of Type HT-NX



 I_c and *n*-value show good uniformity in long length. Maximum length for shipment is 200m so far. Our next target for shipment is >500m. (We will release it in near future)



Mechanical properties



Bending test at 77K with wire bended is under consideration.





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Can Type HT-NX really be used in practical condition?

To verify practicability of Type HT-NX wire, we performed various test supposing actual use condition.

Transport properties at low temperature in high magnetic field > 30T

Reproducibility of mechanical properties at low temperature

Hoop stress test

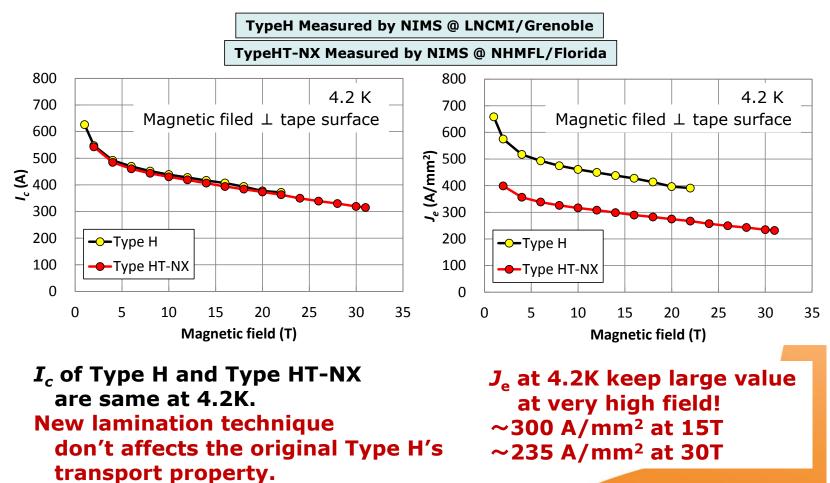
Mechanical stress is applied with wire bended(shape of coil). Moreover homogeneity in long length is needed.

Fatigue test

Wire must be robust as an industrial material.

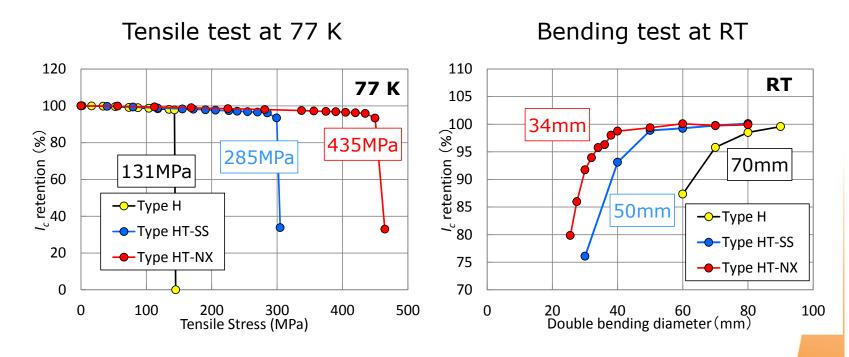


$I_{\rm c}$ dependency on *B* at 4.2 K





Mechanical properties



More than 100 wires have been produced and tested so far.

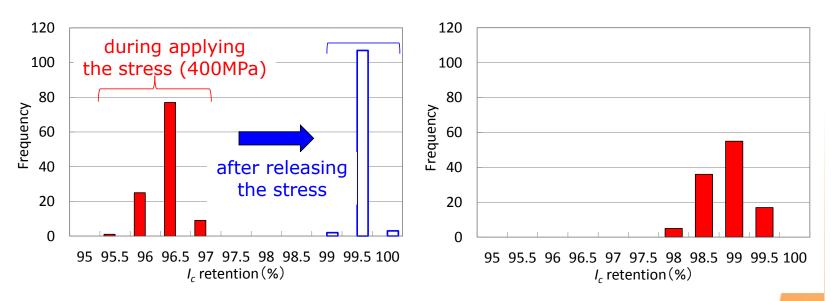




Reproducibility of mechanical properties

Tensile stress of **<u>400MPa</u>** at 77 K

Bending diameter of **40mm** at RT

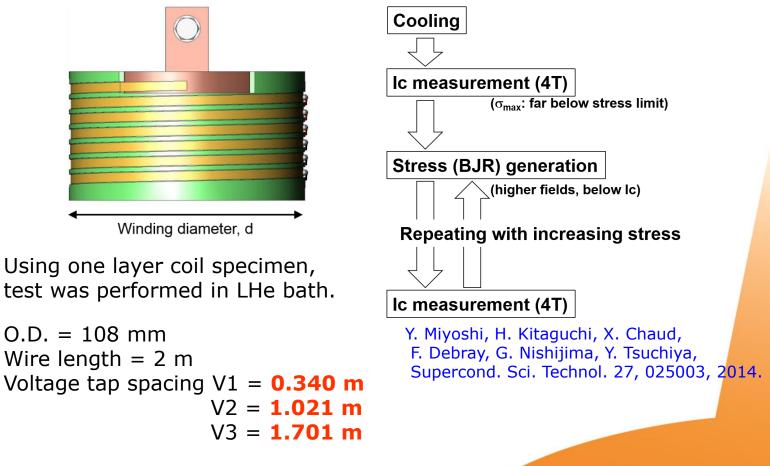


This tensile test (recover of I_c after removing stress) means 400MPa stress don't degrade Type HT-NX wire essentially.

All of the more than 100wires passed two tests.



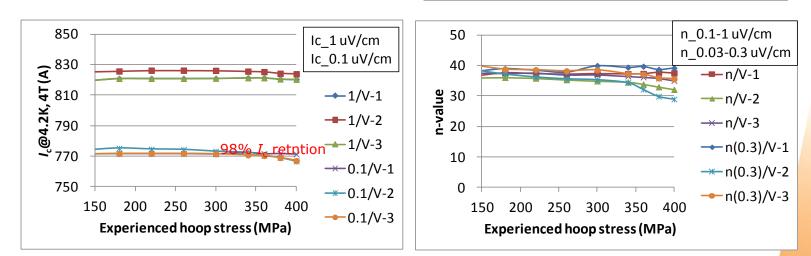
Hoop stress test of Type HT-NX







Hoop stress test of Type HT-NX



Measured by NIMS @ LNCMI/Grenoble

Hoop stress test proofed following feature of Type HT-NX.
✓ Homogeneous strength for long length(1.7m)
✓ Strength with wire bended = the shape of coil
These are really important in practical use condition!

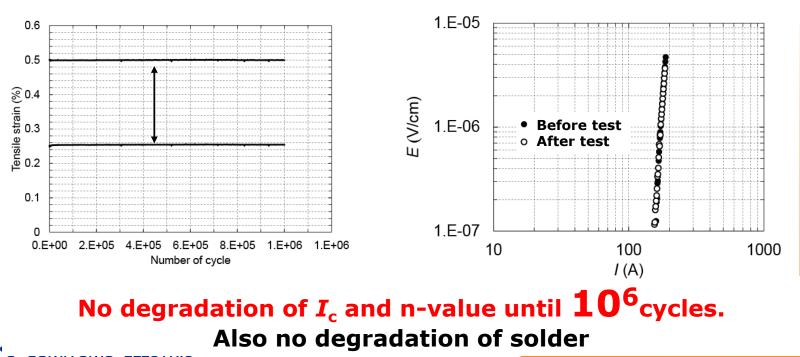


Fatigue test of Type HT-NX

Test condition

Max.Stress: 485MPa (=Max. Strain: 0.48%) Min. Stress: 170MPa Temperature: 77K Number of Cycles: 1,000,000 cycles

	Before	After
I _c (1mV/cm)	174 A	173 A
$I_{\rm c}(0.1{\rm mV/cm})$	166 A	165 A





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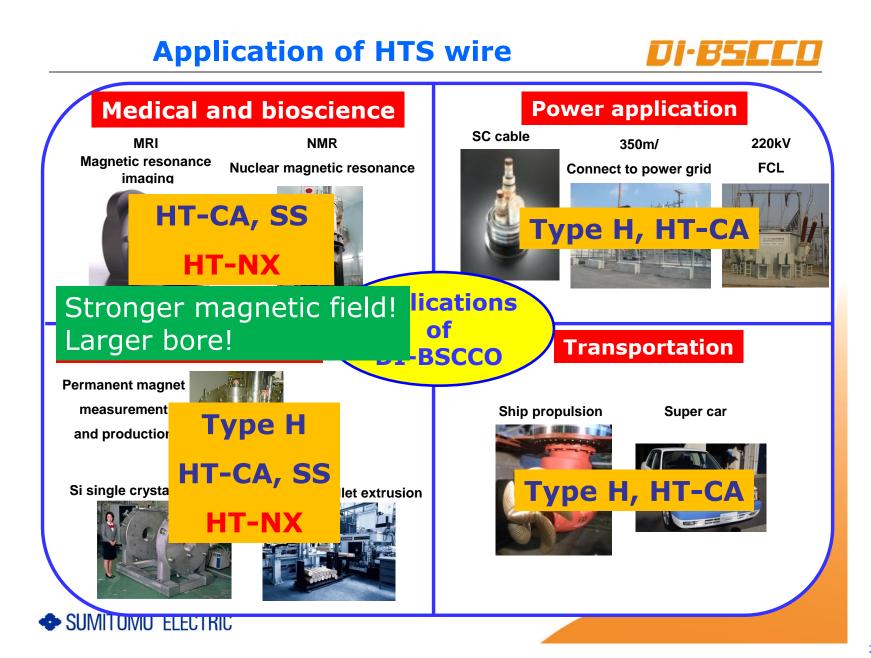




Summary

Wire Type	Type H Type G	ТуреНТ	Type HT-NX
Status	Commercial	Commercial	Commercial (100-200m)
Reinforcement tape	-	CA/SS	Ni-alloy
Width	4.3 mm	4.5 mm	<i>4.5</i> mm
Thickness	0.23 mm	0.34/0.29 mm	<i>0.31</i> mm
<i>I</i> _c (77 K, s.f.)	200 A	200 A	200 A
<i>I</i> _c (4.2 K, 17 T)	400 A	400 A	400 A
J _e (4.2 K, 17 T)	400 A/mm ²	260/310 A/mm ²	290 A/mm ²
Critical Tensile Stress (77 K)	130 MPa	270/250 MPa	400 MPa
Critical D. B. Diameter (R.T.)	80 mm	60 mm	40 mm

We have lineup of practical HTS wire for various applications.



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Thank you for your attention!

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