

REBCO Rutherford-Type Cables (FReTC) for High-Current and High-Field Applications

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The REBCO/copper cable used for this project was supplied by Dr. A.E. Haight, CTD.

Outline

1. REBCO Tape Cabling Method Review

CORC

Roebel

TSTC

Rutherford-type cabling (**FReTC**)

FReTC

2. FReTC

FReTC cabling

Method I

Method II

3. FReTC **Fabrication** Device

Cabling device developed for FReTC

4. FReTC Characteristics:

Current density, hysteresis loss, bending, and
mechanical loads, compared with TSTC

5. Closing

REBCO Tape Cabling Method Review

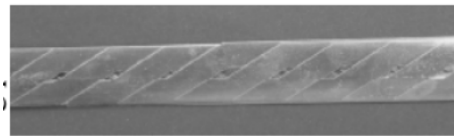
Transposed or Twisted Multi-Tape Basic-Cables

1. CORC



Winding

2. Roebel



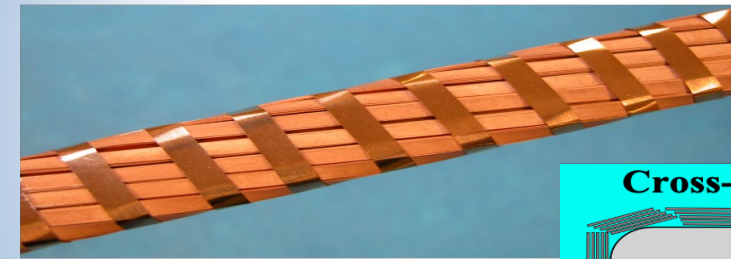
Stacking

3. TSTC

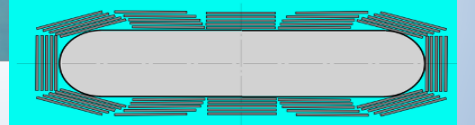


NEW CABLING

REBCO Rutherford-Type Cable (FReTC)



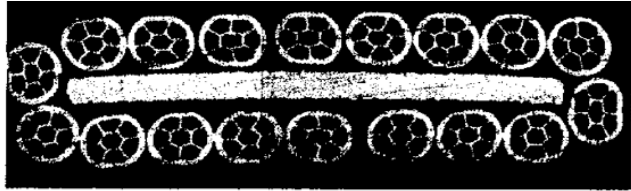
Cross-section illust.



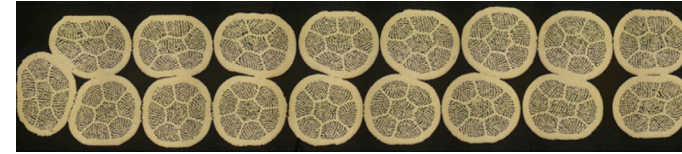
**Full-size cable from tape spools in
a single process.**

HTS Rutherford-Type Cable Review

BSCCO-2212 Round Wires



T. Hasegawa et al., *IEEE Transactions on Applied Superconductivity*, 1, 3034, 2001.

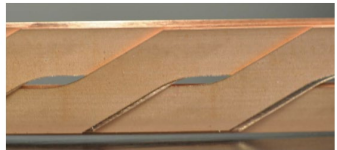


T. Shen and L. Garcia Fajardo, *Instruments*, 4, 17, 2020.

REBCO Tapes



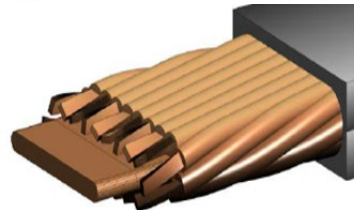
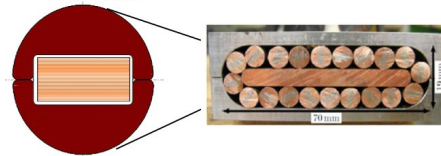
Roebel Cable



A. Kario et al., *Supercond. Sci. Technol.*, 26, 085019, 2013.



20 strands x 16 tapes,
60 kA at 12 T
Ø 6.3 mm

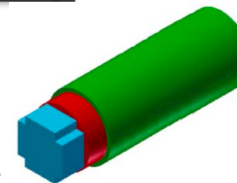
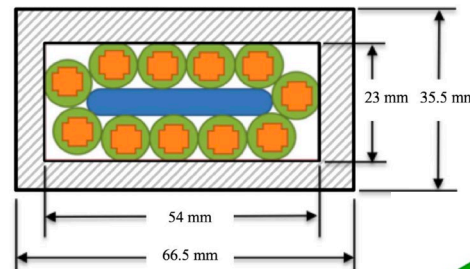


D. Uglietti et al., *Supercond. Sci. Technol.*, 28, 124005, 2015.



HTS-CroCo Cable

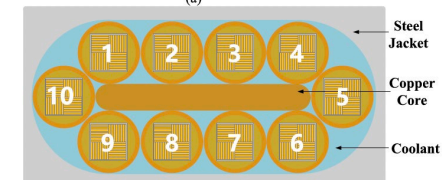
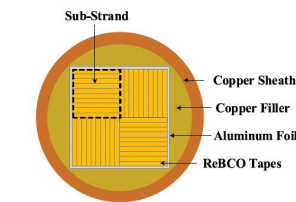
11 HTS-CroCo strands (each 20 x 6 mm W + 10 x 4 mm W tapes)



W.H. Fietz et al., *IEEE Trans. Appl. Supercond.*, 26, 4800705, 2016.

North China Electric Power University

Quasi-Isotropic strands



Y. He et al., *IEEE Transactions on Applied Superconductivity*, 35, 4800207, 2025.

REBCO Rutherford-type cable FReTC

Cabling Methods

FReTC

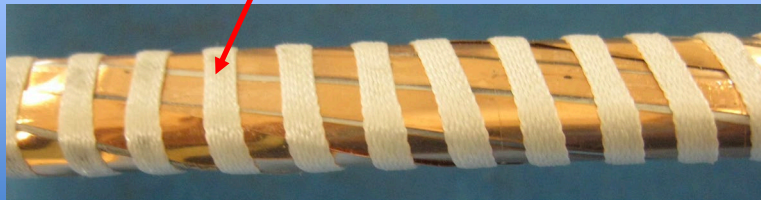
(Flat Round-edge-former Tape Cable)

Method I

Tightly winding on a round-edge-former.

To secure REBCO tapes on a round-edge former, the tapes are wrapped with Nomex lacing or copper tapes.

2.5 mm width Nomex lacing tape



4 mm width copper dummy tape with Nomex



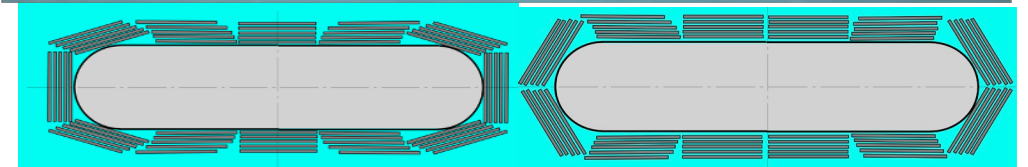
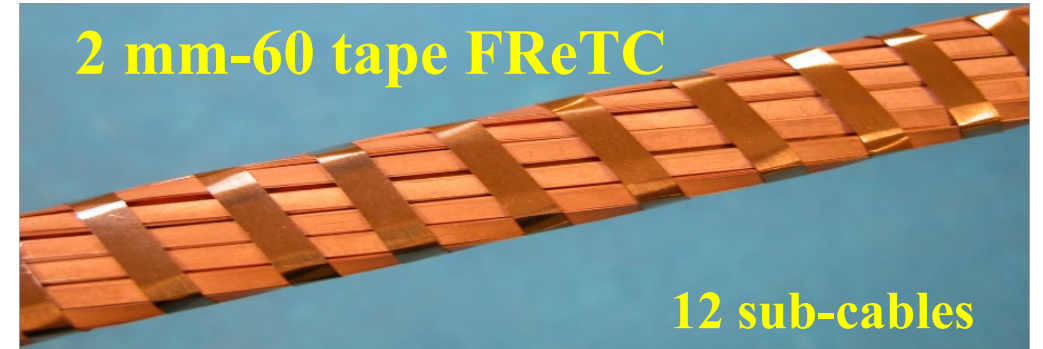
Method I can be suitable for wide tapes.

M. Takayasu, *Supercond. Sci. Technol.*, vol. 34, 2021.

Method II

Winding **stacked-tape sub-cables** around a flat round-edge former.

2 mm-60 tape FReTC



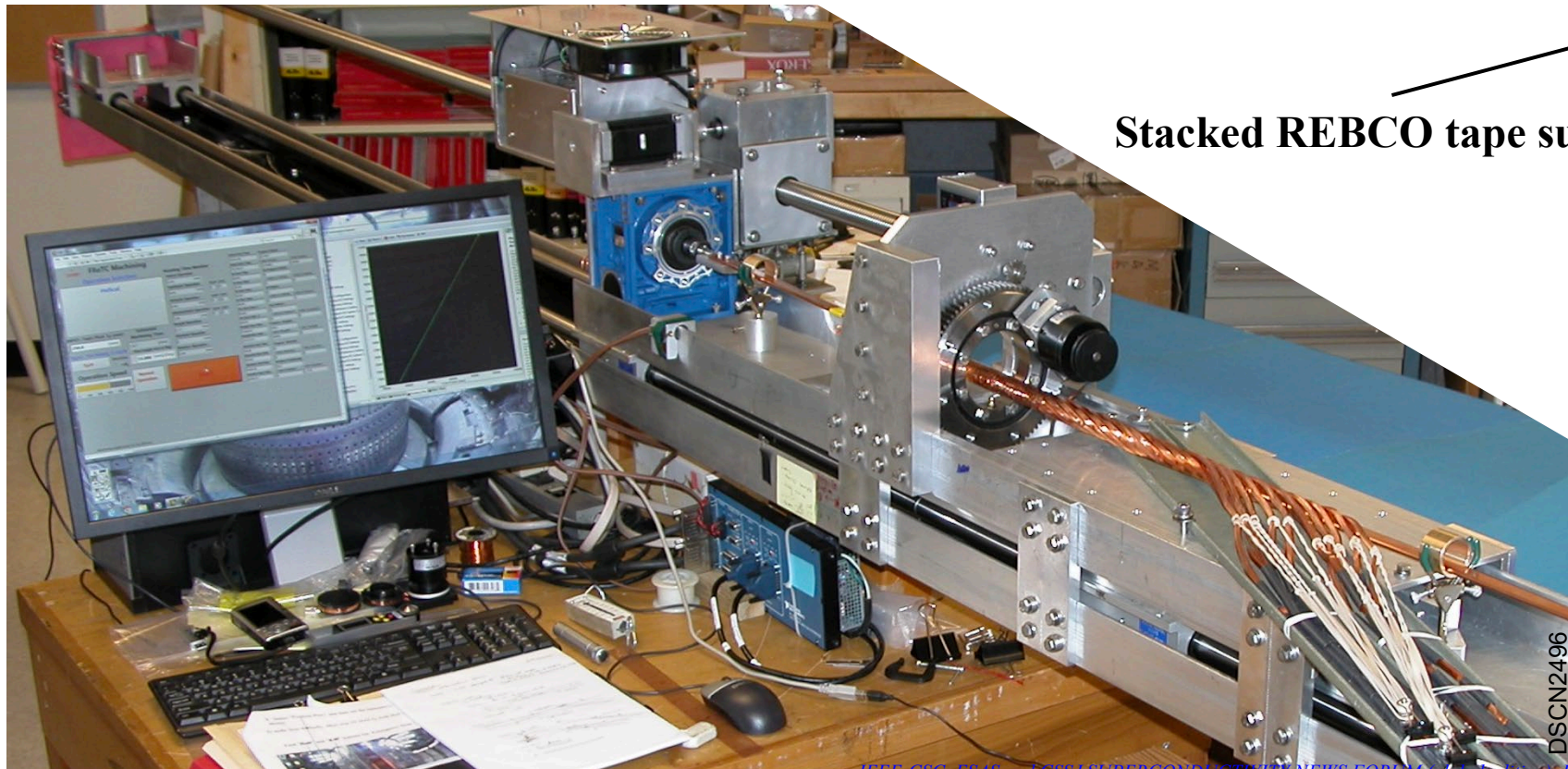
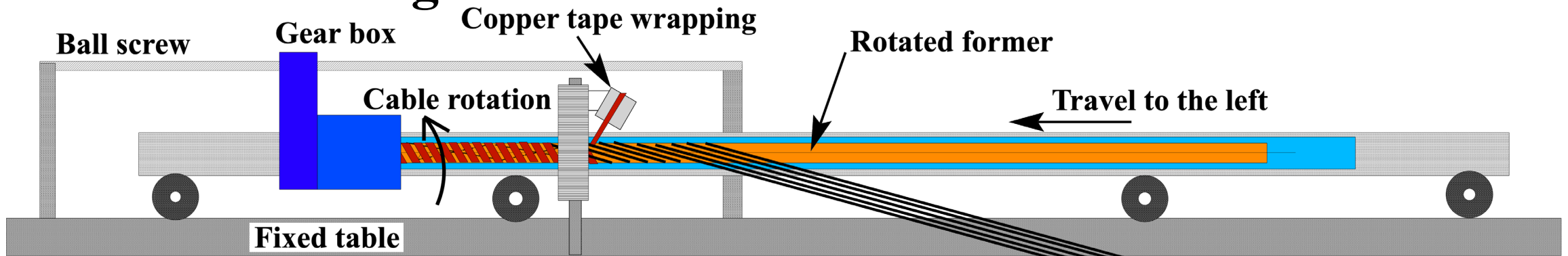
Cross-section illustrations

Cabling fabrication can be simplified.

M. Takayasu, *IEEE Trans. Appl. Supercond.*, vol. 34, 2024.

FReTC Fabrication Device

3 m FReTC cabling



Stacked REBCO tape subcables

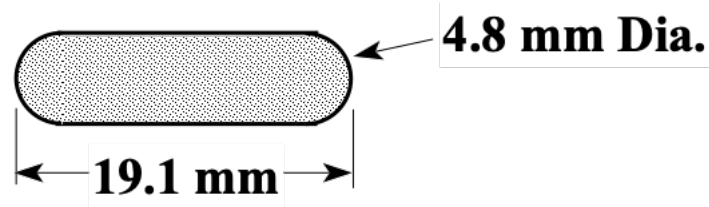
REBCO tape spool assemblies

3 m-FReTC
cabling machine

DSCN2496

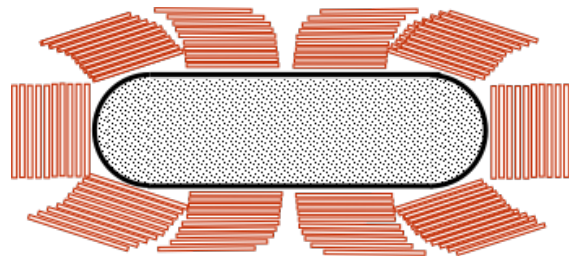
Fabricated 400 Tape FReTC

Former: 19.1 mm width, 4.8 mm round edge copper rod



Former cross-section

Cable: 10 sub-cables of 40 Tapes (5 REBCO tapes and 35 copper tapes)*
4 mm wide, 1.2 m long 400 tapes (10 sub-cables x 40 tapes).



Schematic view of FReTC cross-section

If all tapes are REBCO,

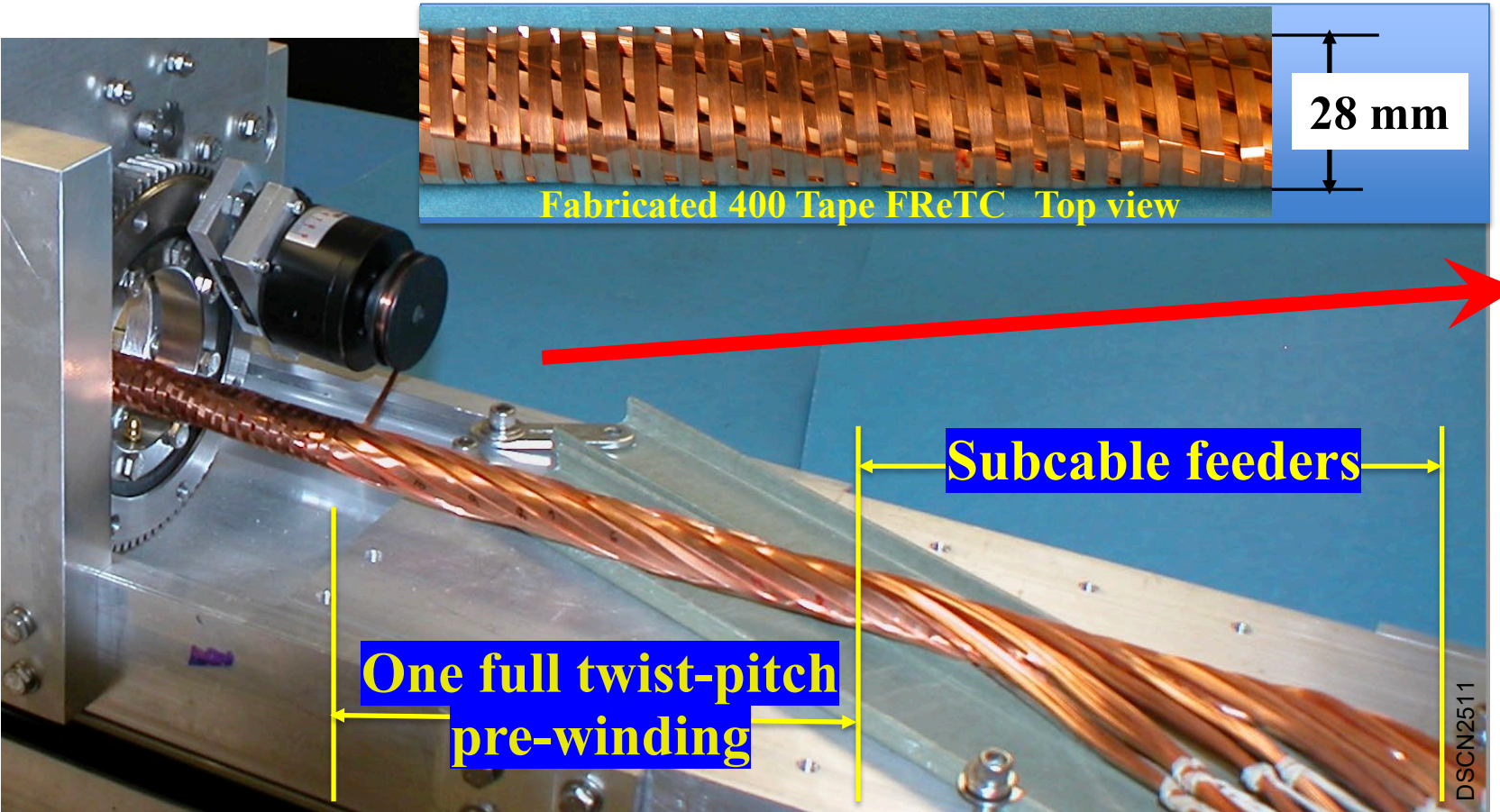
$$I_c = 60 \text{ kA} \quad (150 \text{ A} \times 400 \text{ tapes at } 18 \text{ T and } 20 \text{ K})$$

(Tape $I_c = 150 \text{ A}$ at 18 T, 20 K)

* The stacked tape dummy cables were previously used for a CTD project (Dr. A.E. Haight).

FReTC Fabrication Device (cont'd)

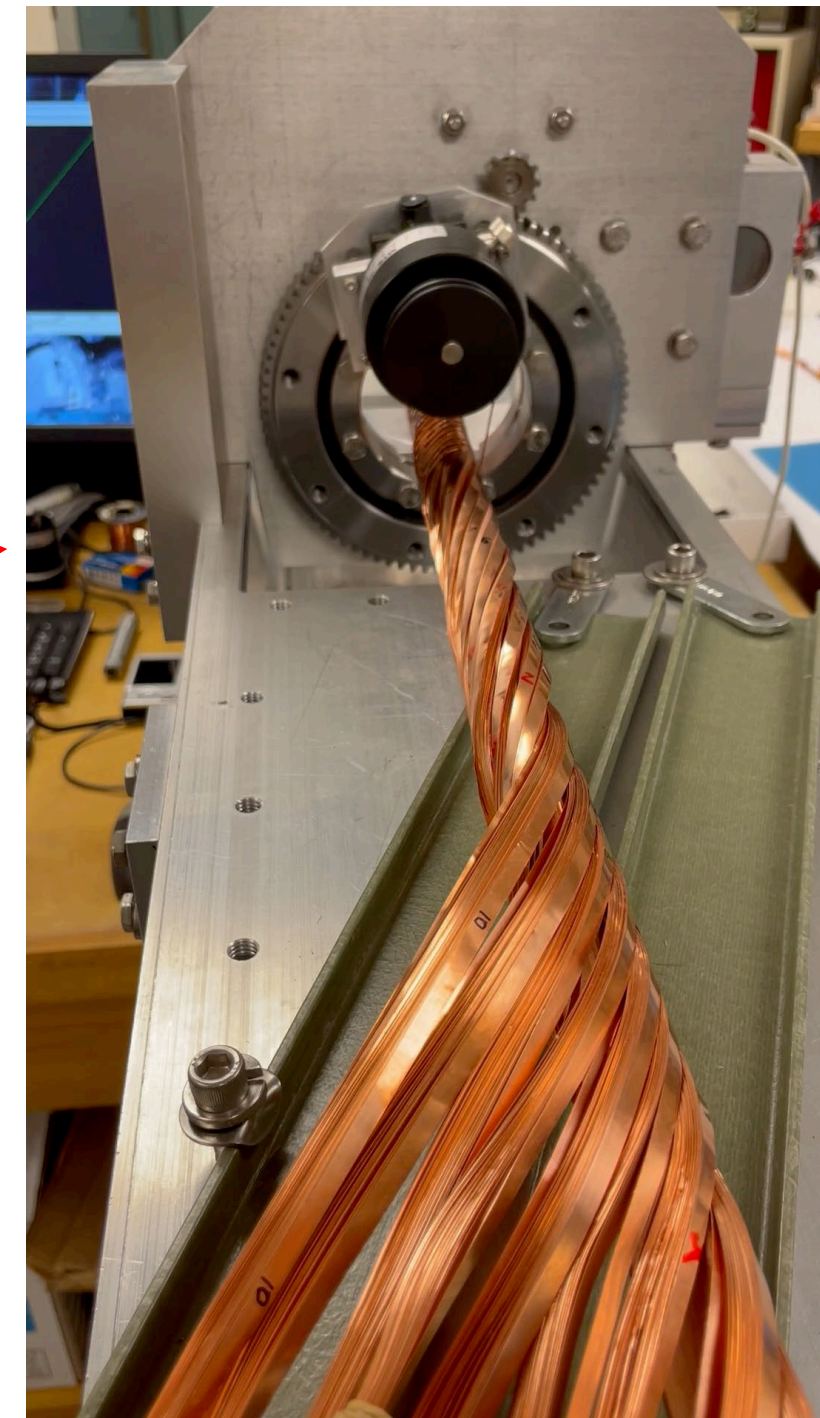
Demo fabrication of a 4 mm wide 400 tapes FReTC for a 60 kA FReTC.



Twist-pitch = 250 mm

Rotate a former, and move to the left.

Cabling speed : 1 m / 30 min.



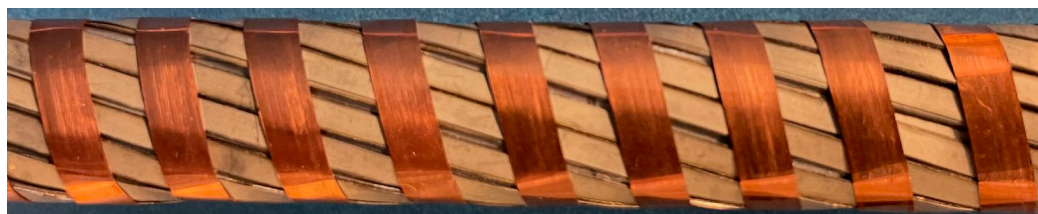
Other Fabricated FReTC Samples

REBCO tapes : BTG exfoliated 4 mm and 2 mm

(BTG : Brookhaven Technology Group, Inc.)

BTG 2 mm, 42 tape

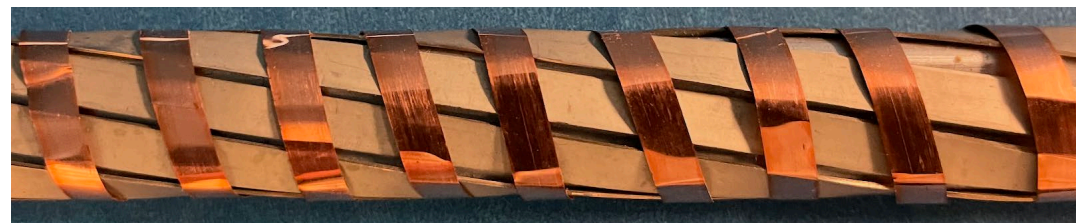
REBCO tapes: 42 tapes
(14 stacks of 3 taps)



Top view

**BTG 4 mm tape striated to
1 mm filaments**

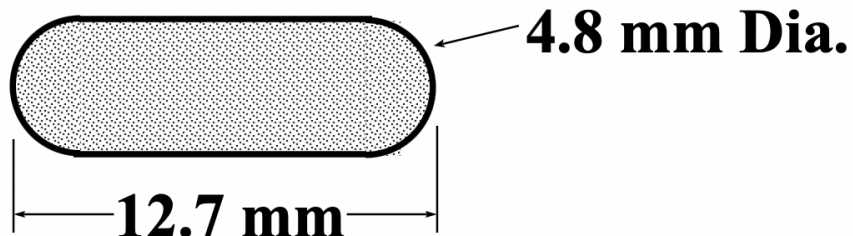
REBCO tapes: 28 tapes
(7 stacks of 4 tapes)



Top view

Twist-pitch = 200 mm

Former: 12.7 mm wide, 4.8 mm round edge aluminum rod



Former cross-section

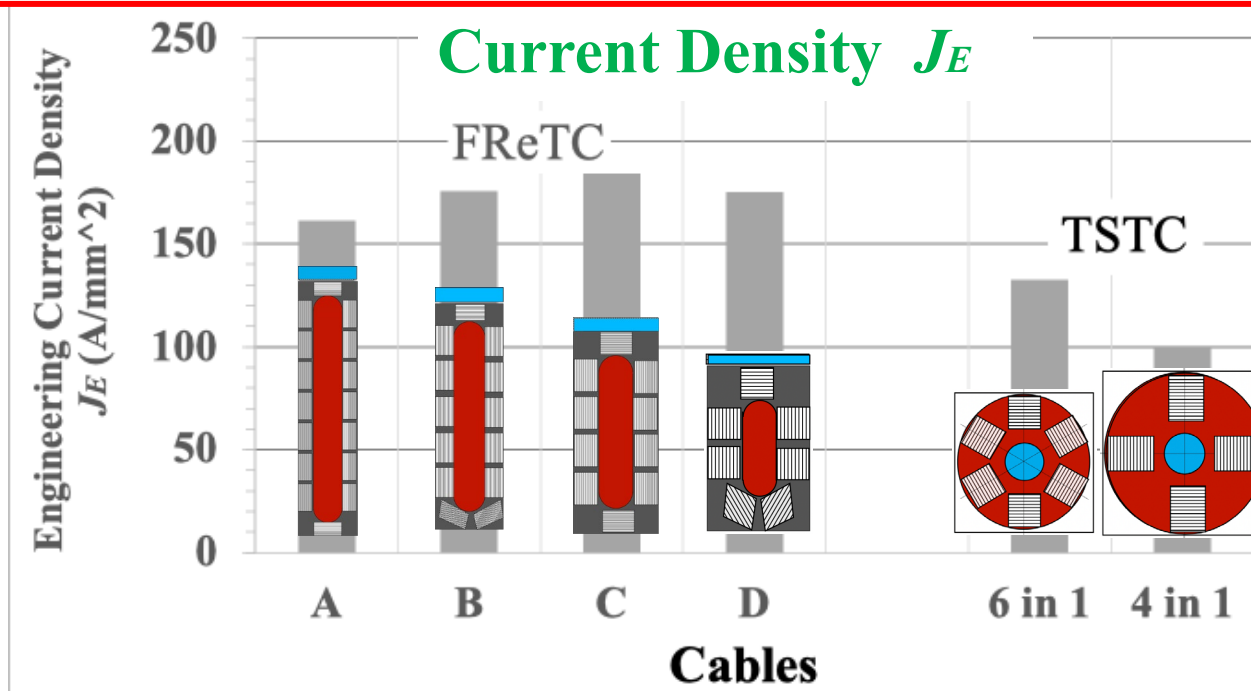
FReTC Compared with TSTC : Current Density J_E

50 kA Cables at 18 T and 20 K

Cable Parameters	Units	FReTC				TSTC	
		A	B	C	D	6 in 1	4 in 1
Subcables		16	13	10	7	6	4
Tapes in subcable		21	26	34	48	56	84
Total tapes		336	338	340	336	336	336
Former dimension	[mm x mm]	33.4 x 4.2 ϕ	26.1 x 4.2 ϕ	19.1 x 4.2 ϕ	12.5 x 4.2 ϕ		
Cable outer dimension	[mm x mm]	37.2 x 8.0	30.7 x 8.9	25.3 x 10.3	21.1 x 12.8	19.5 ϕ	22.5 ϕ
Aspect Ratio		4.7	3.4	2.5	1.6	1.0	1.0
Cable cross-section	[mm ²]	312.5*	289.0*	276.7*	287.5*	380.1	505.3
Engineering current density	[A/mm ²]	161.3	175.5	184.3	175.3	132.6	99.7

REBCO Tape:
 4 mm wide, 90 μ m thick
 $I_c = 150$ A at 18 T, 20 K)

* Cooling channel space of 4 mm x 4 mm is added.



FReTC could provide better current density J_E than TSTC.

Characteristics of FReTC

AC losses

REBCO tapes are parallel to the magnetic field.
Therefore, hysteresis loss can be reduced.

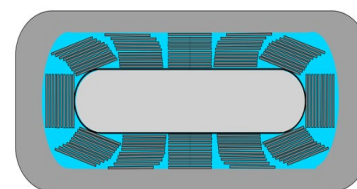
Bending

Bending characteristics are similar to TSTC conductors.

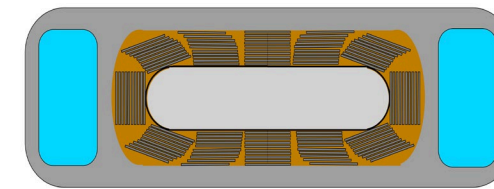
Transverse forces

Good structure supports against
electromagnetic transverse forces.

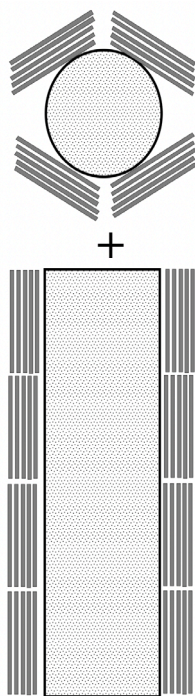
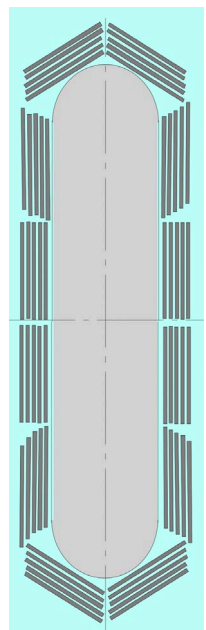
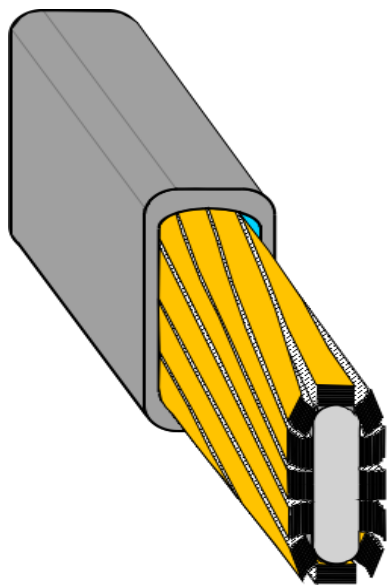
CICC (Cable-In-Conduit Conductor)



Direct cooling

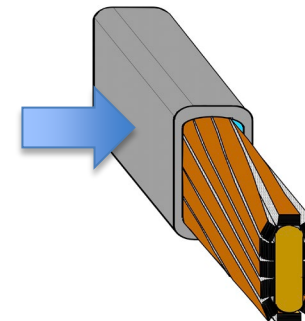


Conduction cooling



TSTC

Tapes are
parallel to
former
surfaces



Closing

- **REBCO Rutherford-type cabling of FReTC could provide cost-effective high-current cables, good for;**
 - **Mechanical support structure against electro-mechanical forces**
 - **Easy fabrication**
 - **Minimizing AC losses**
 - **Design flexibility**
 - **Excellent tape usage**

Thank you for your attention

Acknowledgments

This work was partially supported by the U. S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Fusion Energy Science, and Office of High Energy.

The REBCO/copper cable used for this project was supplied by Dr. A.E. Haight, CTD.